

Begin December 21, 1959

30.24-9627

'AS

BULLETIN

SECOND NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER *By Marvin L. Grossmitt*
MADRID, DEC. 22 (AP)—PRESIDENT EISENHOWER DISCUSSED THE WORLD SITUATION TODAY WITH GENERALISSIMO FRANCISCO FRANCO AFTER ONE OF THE GREATEST WELCOMES OF THE U.S. PRESIDENT'S 11-NATION TOUR.

DESPITE RAW WINDS AND A COLD RAIN, ABOUT A MILLION SPANIARDS TURNED OUT TO ROAR "VIVA IKE" YESTERDAY WHEN THE PRESIDENT ARRIVED FROM PARIS FOR THE NEXT-TO-LAST APPEARANCE ON HIS MISSION OF PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP.

EISENHOWER DROVE TO FRANCO'S PARDO (CQ) PALACE THIS MORNING FOR A BREAKFAST CONFERENCE PRIOR TO TAKING OFF FOR MOROCCO AND WASHINGTON.

THE PRESIDENT'S WELCOME YESTERDAY WAS THE GREATEST ACCLAIM MODERN SPAIN HAS EVER GIVEN A FOREIGN VISITOR. CROWDS WAVING FLAGS PACKED MUCH OF A 19-MILE ROUTE FROM TORREJON AIR BASE INTO MADRID. MANY LEANED FROM BALCONIES OR HUNG FROM TREES TO CHEER.

FRANCO SEIZED UPON THE VISIT AS A TRIBUTE TO HIS STAND OF MORE THAN 20 YEARS AGAINST COMMUNISM. PUSHING THE IDEA THAT AMERICAN MILITARY AND FINANCIAL MIGHT ARE BEHIND HIS REGIME, FRANCO HAD PREPARED AN ELABORATE WELCOME.

LANCERS IN BLUE, SCARLET AND GOLD PRECEDED THE CAR. THE RED AND YELLOW FLAGS OF SPAIN MINGLED WITH THE STARS AND STRIPES FROM STANDARDS ALONG THE ROUTE. THERE WERE FESTIVE PORTRAITS OF EISENHOWER AND FRANCO, UP TO FOUR STORIES HIGH. EIGHT MONUMENTAL ARCHES, A FEW MORE THAN 50 FEET HIGH AND DECORATED WITH 20,000 FLAGS, WERE SPACED ALONG THE WAY. ONE HAD A SIGN READING: "IKE, 3

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY SAID EISENHOWER TOLD FRANCO HE WAS COMPLETELY OVERWHELMED BY THE WARMTH AND SIZE OF THE RECEPTION GIVEN HIM BY MADRID, CERTAINLY ONE OF THE BIGGEST HE HAS HAD ON HIS LONG TRIP. THE FOREIGN MINISTRY ESTIMATED THE CROWD AT A MILLION, OR HALF THE CITY'S POPULATION.

HURRYING DOWN THE STEPS OF HIS JETLINER, DESPITE THE ARDUOUS PACE OF THE LAST 18 DAYS, THE PRESIDENT IN A FEW WORDS REPEATED THE MESSAGE OF PEACE AND FREEDOM HE HAS CARRIED TO NINE OTHER NATIONS.

"I COME TO THIS NATION, ONE OF THE ANCESTORS OF AMERICA, WITH A MESSAGE FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE TO THE SPANISH PEOPLE, LOOKING FOR A BRIGHTER FUTURE IN COOPERATIVE LABOR FOR THE NOBLEST OF ALL HUMAN CAUSES: PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP IN FREEDOM," HE SAID.

HE SAID HIS VISIT FULFILLED A LIFELONG AMBITION. HE RECALLED THAT HE WAS BORN IN TEXAS WHERE SPANISH EXPLORERS CARRIED SPANISH CULTURE TO AMERICA CENTURIES AGO. SPANIARDS AND AMERICANS, HE ADDED, ARE WORKING TOGETHER "FOR A WORLD FREE OF WAR AND HUNGER AND FOR PEACE, LIBERTY AND JUSTICE."

IN GREETING HIM, FRANCO SAID THE TORREJON AIR BASE HAD BEEN BUILT "WITH THE FORMIDABLE ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED STATES, AND SHELTERING BOTH SPANISH AND AMERICAN WINGS IN CLOSE COMPANIONSHIP, IS A SYMBOL OF OUR FRIENDSHIP."

TORREJON IS ONE OF FOUR BASES THE UNITED STATES HAS ESTABLISHED IN SPAIN AT A COST OF TWO BILLION DOLLARS.

THE TWO CHIEFS OF STATE GOT INTO EISENHOWER'S CAR, WHICH HAD BEEN BROUGHT FROM WASHINGTON AND FLOWN FROM PARIS, FOR A SHORT TOUR OF THE AIR BASE, THEN STARTED A 30-MILE-PER HOUR CLIP TO MADRID.

ONLY A FEW MILES FROM TORREJON THE "VIVA IKE" CHEERS BEGAN TO ROLL FROM GROUPS THAT HAD BEEN WAITING SHIVERING IN THE RAIN. BY THE TIME THE CAR REACHED THE OUTSKIRTS OF THE CITY CROWDS WERE FOUR AND FIVE DEEP AND PUSHED AGAINST A RESTRAINING LINE OF TROOPS, SEVERAL TIMES BREAKING THROUGH THE CORDON.

A BIG CHEER WENT UP AS THE PRESIDENT MADE HIS WAY SLOWLY AROUND A NEWLY NAMED CIRCLE--PLAZA DEL PRESIDENTE EISENHOWER.

THE PROCESSION WAS SO SLOWED IN THE HEART OF THE CITY THAT IT WAS 40 MINUTES LATE IN REACHING MONCLOA PALACE, WHERE THE PRESIDENT IS STAYING. THIS WAS DESPITE THE FACT THE PRESIDENT ARRIVED NINE MINUTES EARLY AT TORREJON AFTER HIS FLIGHT FROM PARIS.

AMONG THE PERSONALITIES GREETING THE PRESIDENT AT TORREJON WERE FRANCO'S DAUGHTER CARMEN AND HER HUSBAND, THE MARQUES DE VILLAVARDE. THEY ARE THE OFFICIAL HOSTS OF MAJ. JOHN EISENHOWER, THE PRESIDENT'S AIDE AND SON, AND HIS WIFE BARBARA.

EISENHOWER HAD A CHANCE TO REST FOR ALMOST TWO HOURS AFTER ARRIVING AT MONCLOA PALACE. THEN HE CHANGED INTO DINNER JACKET AND BLACK TIE FOR A BANQUET AT THE ROYAL PALACE. FIVE KINDS OF WINE WERE SERVED WITH A MAIN COURSE OF VEAL.

AT A BREAKFAST CONFERENCE WITH FRANCO TOMORROW IN PRADO PALACE THE PRESIDENT WILL TELL THE SPANISH CHIEF OF THE WESTERN SUMMIT TALKS IN PARIS AND THE FORTHCOMING CONFERENCE WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV.

THE PRESIDENT TAKES OFF AT 11 A.M. FOR MOROCCO, LAST OF THE 11 NATIONS ON HIS TOUR. HE WILL RETURN TO WASHINGTON LATE TUESDAY NIGHT.

IN TOASTING EISENHOWER AT THE BANQUET, FRANCO SAID SPANIARDS ARE WELL AWARE "WE ENJOY THE PRESERVATION OF LIBERTY IN WESTERN EUROPE, WITHOUT FALLING UNDER THE COMMUNIST YOKE, TO YOUR ENERGY AND GENEROSITY AND THOSE OF YOUR COUNTRY."

THE SPANISH LEADER SAID SPAIN AND THE UNITED STATES WERE DESTINED TO FORM A COMMON FRONT IN THE SEARCH FOR A JUST PEACE.

"OUR COUNTRY HAS BEEN A WITNESS TO A PAINFUL EXPERIENCE OF THE HARDSHIP OF WAR," FRANCO DECLARED, "AND THAT IS WHY IT IS FIRMLY DECIDED TO PRESERVE ITS PRESENT ORDER AND PEACE."

"IT IS ALSO CONVINCED OF THE NEED TO PERSEVERE IN UNITY, STRENGTH AND ALERTNESS IN DEFENSE OF OUR COMMON CIVILIZATION. THAT IS WHY IT IS IDENTIFIED WITH YOUR TASK AND OFFERS ITS MOST SINCERE ADHESION TO IT."

EISENHOWER, IN REPLYING, BRIEFLY EXPRESSED HOPE FOR GREATER FRIENDSHIP AND COOPERATION BETWEEN SPAIN AND THE UNITED STATES.

"NEXT THURSDAY, SPANIARDS AND AMERICANS AND MILLIONS OF OTHERS THE WORLD OVER CELEBRATE THE BIRTH OF CHRIST," HE SAID. "THIS, THEN, IS THE SEASON TO REDEDICATE OURSELVES TO THESE TIMELESS PRINCIPLES FOR WHICH HE (CAP H) GAVE HIS (CAP H) LIFE."

SS638PES

A177

MADRID, DEC. 21 (AP)—UNLIKE HIS GUEST TODAY, GEN. FRANCISCO FRANCO IS NO GLOBETROTTER. HIS LAST TRIP ABROAD TOOK HIM TO PORTUGAL 10 YEARS AGO. IN 1940 HE VISITED ADOLF HITLER AT THE FRENCH-SPANISH BORDER, AND IN 1941 HE CONFERRED WITH BENITO MUSSOLINI IN ROME.

JF118PES

A85

WITH MADRID
MEXICO CITY, DEC. 21 (AP)--SEVERAL HUNDRED SPANISH REPUBLICAN EXILES MARCHED ON THE U.S. EMBASSY HERE TODAY TO PROTEST AGAINST PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S VISIT TO MADRID.
THE DEMONSTRATORS SILENTLY PLACED 20 MOURNING WREATHS AT THE ENTRANCES. THEY CARRIED BANNERS PROTESTING EISENHOWER'S VISIT TO GENERALISSIMO FRANCISCO FRANCO.
AFTER THE WREATHS HAD BEEN PLACED THE CROWD QUIETLY DISPERSED.
PS735PES

A97

(230)
WITH MADRID
LONDON, DEC. 21 (AP)--ROBERT EDWARDS, LABORITE MEMBER OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT, HAS ARRIVED IN SPAIN TO WATCH THE TRIAL OF JULIO CERON AND 16 OTHER CATHOLIC OPPONENTS OF THE FRANCO REGIME, THE LABOR PARTY ANNOUNCED TONIGHT.

EDWARDS, WHO FOUGHT WITH REPUBLICAN FORCES DURING THE SPANISH CIVIL WAR, IS HIMSELF UNDER SENTENCE OF DEATH IMPOSED IN HIS ABSENCE AFTER THE WAR BY A SPANISH COURT.

LABORITE OFFICIALS SAID THAT BESIDES WATCHING THE CERON TRIAL HE WILL DELIVERY TO THE U.S. EMBASSY IN MADRID A LETTER PROTESTING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S VISIT TO SPAIN.

THE MESSAGE EXPRESSES CONCERN THAT THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT WILL BE PRESENTED AS "PROOF THAT AMERICA SUPPORTS A REGIME THAT HAS BRUTALLY SUPPRESSED ALL THE FREEDOMS THAT YOU (THE PRESIDENT) SO WELL REPRESENT."

CERON WAS SENTENCED LAST MONTH TO THREE YEARS IN JAIL FOR DISTRIBUTING ANTI-FRANCO LEAFLETS. GOVERNMENT PROSECUTORS HAVE DEMANDED A STIFFER SENTENCE AND THE RETRIAL STARTS IN MADRID TOMORROW.

EDWARDS IS CARRYING A SECOND LETTER FOR THE SPANISH MINISTRY OF JUSTICE.

IT IS SIGNED BY 150 PROMINENT BRITONS, AMONG THEM BERTRAND RUSSELL AND POLITICIANS OF BOTH CONSERVATIVE AND LABOR PARTIES. IT CALLS FOR RELEASE OF ALL POLITICAL PRISONERS IN SPAIN.

THIS LETTER ORIGINALLY WAS INTENDED FOR DELIVERY BY JEREMY THORPE, LIBERAL MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT. HE WAS DENIED A SPANISH VISA. HE PROTESTED THIS DENIAL BUT HIS SECRETARY SAID TONIGHT THAT NO ANSWER HAD BEEN RECEIVED.

A LABOR PARTY SPOKESMAN SAID TONIGHT:
"AS FAR AS WE KNOW THE DEATH SENTENCE ON EDWARDS HAS NEVER BEEN LIFTED. TECHNICALLY, HE IS RUNNING A RISK BY RETURNING TO SPAIN.
"BUT IT ALL HAPPENED 20 YEARS AGO AND I SUPPOSE GEN. FRANCO WOULD NOT WANT TO RISK TAKING ACTION AGAINST A BRITISH MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT, PARTICULARLY WHILE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IS IN SPAIN."
FV1051PES

A120

(110)
WITH MADRID
SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO, DEC. 21 (AP)--PABLO CASALS, WORLD-FAMED CELLIST WHO LIVES HERE IN SELF-IMPOSED EXILE FROM SPAIN IN PROTEST AGAINST THE FRANCO REGIME, TONIGHT DESCRIBED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S VISIT TO SPAIN AS "AN UNFORTUNATE DEVELOPMENT."
CASALS SAID HE IS SAD AND DISAPPOINTED AT EISENHOWER'S VISIT AND FEELS THE PRESIDENT "MAY HAVE MADE A GRAVE ERROR."
REP. CHARLES O. PORTER (D-ORE) VISITED THE MUSICIAN AND LATER COMMENTED: "THE PRESIDENT APPARENTLY DOES NOT REALIZE THE POSSIBLE IMPLICATIONS OF HIS VISIT TO FRANCO."
ANTI-FRANCO DEMONSTRATORS PICKETED THE FEDERAL POST OFFICE BUILDING IN PROTEST AGAINST THE VISIT.
RS1014PES

A27WX

(150)

ADVANCE FOR 6 P.M. EST. TODAY
(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, DEC. 21 (AP)--PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WAS PROPOSED TODAY BY SEN. KENNETH B. KEATING (R-NY) AS A CANDIDATE FOR THE NOBEL PEACE PRIZE.

KEATING SAID IN A STATEMENT THE PRIZE, WHICH IS AWARDED ANNUALLY, SHOULD GO TO EISENHOWER AS "THE WORLD'S PREEMINENT MAN OF PEACE."

"HIS HISTORIC JOURNEY, NOW BEING COMPLETED, HAS CHANGED PEACE FROM A WORD TO A LIVING, SHINING HOPE," KEATING SAID "BY THE WARMTH OF HIS PERSONALITY, BY THE DEPTH AND SINCERITY OF HIS MESSAGE, THE PRESIDENT HAS TORN AWAY THE FALSE 'DOLLAR CURTAIN' OF MATERIALISM THAT HAS BEEN ERECTED EITHER BY DESIGN OR BY IGNORANCE BETWEEN AMERICA AND THE GREAT NATIONS HE HAS VISITED."

"HIS PRESENCE AND HIS WORDS HAVE ENABLED MILLIONS OF PEOPLE TO DISCOVER THE AMERICA THAT HE SO WELL EXEMPLIFIES--AN AMERICA WHOSE IDEALS, VALUES AND ASPIRATIONS ARE IDENTICAL WITH THOSE OF ALL FREEDOM AND PEACE-LOVING PEOPLES IN EVERY CORNER OF THE EARTH."

EH346PES NM

A152

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY AMS DEC. 22 *afrika*,
BY STEPHEN HUGHES (500)

(ADVANCE) RABAT, MOROCCO, DEC. 21 (AP)--PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S HOST HERE TOMORROW IS KING MOHAMMED V, WHO PRESIDES OVER A BOILING POLITICAL POT WITH U.S. AID AND INFLUENCE AS A MAIN INGREDIENT.

STRANGELY ENOUGH FOR NORTH AMERICA, THE POLITICAL INFLUENCE OF COMMUNIST CHINA IS ANOTHER INGREDIENT.

MANY IMPORTANT LEFTISTS IN THE GOVERNMENT OPENLY ADMIRE RED CHINA AND HAVE MADE PILGRIMAGES TO PEIPING. THESE MEN SEE RED CHINA AS AN EXAMPLE IN PULLING THEIR OWN BACKWARD STATE INTO THE 20TH CENTURY.

THEY CONSTITUTE THE STRONGEST INFLUENCE IN THE CABINET OF PREMIER ABDULLAH IBRAHIM AND ARE PART OF THE NATIONAL UNION OF POPULAR FORCES (UNFP) AND THE MOROCCAN LABOR FEDERATION--THE STRONGEST POLITICAL GROUPING IN THE COUNTRY.

BUT KING MOHAMMED V, AN ABSOLUTE MONARCH IN NAME AND PRACTICE, USES HIS TREMENDOUS PRESTIGE TO COUNTER LEFTIST INFLUENCE.

THE KING ALSO LIKES TO TALK OF A "BRIDGE" BETWEEN EAST AND WEST AND SEES HIMSELF IN THAT ROLE. TO MAKE HIMSELF MORE PRESENTABLE TO THE WEST HE CHANGED HIS TITLE FROM SULTAN TO KING. TWO YEARS AGO HE TOURED THE UNITED STATES AND MET EISENHOWER.

AN ENEMY OF COMMUNISM, THE KING IS OFTEN FORCED TO SERVE AS MEDIATOR AMONG MOROCCO'S WARRING POLITICAL FACTIONS.

ONLY LAST WEEK HE JAILED THE DIRECTOR AND EDITOR OF THE LEFT-WING AL TAHIR (LIBERATION) ON CHARGES OF ATTACKING HIM AND THREATENING STATE SECURITY.

THE ARRESTS STIRRED RESENTMENT AMONG UNFP AND LABOR AND PUT THE PREMIER IN A DIFFICULT POLITICAL POSITION. SHOPS WERE CLOSED IN PROTEST. TROOPS WERE PUT ON THE ALERT TO GUARD AGAINST POSSIBLE DEMONSTRATIONS THAT COULD SPOIL THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT.

THE KING AND HIS GOVERNMENT WANT COMPLETE INDEPENDENCE. POLITICAL INDEPENDENCE WAS OBTAINED FROM FRANCE AND SPAIN IN MARCH, 1956. THE NEXT MOVE IS MILITARY INDEPENDENCE--FOREIGN TROOPS MUST GO.

FRANCE STILL HAS ABOUT 22,000 TROOPS HERE. SPAIN CLAIMS SHE HAS ONLY 3,000-ODD LEFT IN THE COUNTRY. THE UNITED STATES MAINTAINS FOUR AIR FORCE BASES AND ONE NAVAL BASE WITH ABOUT 12,000 PEOPLE. THE EVACUATION OF THESE IS ONE OF THE MAJOR TOPICS UP FOR DISCUSSION BETWEEN EISENHOWER AND THE KING.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAS ALREADY AGREED TO EVACUATION. IT IS A QUESTION NOW OF FIXING A TIMETABLE. EXPERTS BELIEVE IT WILL TAKE UP TO TWO YEARS TO WITHDRAW EQUIPMENT AND MEN ACROSS THE STRAITS OF GIBRALTAR TO SPAIN, WHERE HUGE U.S. BASES ARE ALREADY IN OPERATION.

HALF A MILLION DOLLARS WORTH OF U.S. MILITARY EQUIPMENT WAS GIVEN TO THE ARMY IN NOVEMBER. THE MOROCCANS HOPE TO BUY ARMS FROM THE U.S. SOON. THIS IS ANOTHER TOPIC FOR THE PRESIDENT AND THE KING. MOROCCO'S ECONOMIC INDEPENDENCE IS A LONG WAY OFF. THE ECONOMY HAS BEEN DEPENDENT ON OUTSIDE AID SINCE 1912 WHEN THE FRENCH FIRST MOVED IN. WHEN POLITICAL FREEDOM CAME FRENCH AID STOPPED. THE UNITED STATES HAS SUPPLIED 102 MILLION DOLLARS IN AID SINCE 1956. MUCH MORE IS NEEDED TO PROVIDE WORK FOR 350,000 UNEMPLOYED AND AVERT ECONOMIC DISASTER THREATENED BY THE FLIGHT OF CAPITAL. WHEN THE U.S. MILITARY LEAVES THE NEED WILL BE STILL GREATER. THE BASES PUMP 64 MILLION DOLLARS A YEAR INTO THE LOCAL ECONOMY. THE KING WOULD LIKE TO TALK TO EISENHOWER ABOUT THIS TOO. HE MAY ASK FOR MORE THAN THE 45 MILLION DOLLAR U.S. LOAN MOROCCO RECEIVED LAST YEAR.

IN RETURN THE KING OFFERS THE INFLUENCE OF HIS PRESTIGE NOT ONLY AS A MOROCCAN, BUT ALSO AS AN ARAB AND AN AFRICAN. END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF TUESDAY, DEC. 22; MOVED DEC. 20.

FV1119PES

A7

AMS BUDGET (700)
NIGHT LEAD CONFERENCE
BY WILLIAM L. RYAN

PARIS, DEC. 21 (AP)--THE WEST TONIGHT CHALLENGED SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV TO HELP MAKE AN APRIL SUMMIT MEETING IN PARIS FRUITFUL ENOUGH TO WARRANT A WHOLE SERIES OF SUCH CONFERENCES ON WORLD TROUBLES.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE MADE IT PLAIN THEY WANT A WIDE-OPEN, NO-TOPICS-BARRED MEETING AT THE TOP. THROUGH THEIR AMBASSADORS THEY TOLD THE RUSSIANS THERE COULD BE FUTURE SUMMIT MEETINGS IN MOSCOW, LONDON OR WASHINGTON IF THE RUSSIANS MAKE SUCH TALKS WORTHWHILE.

BUT THE THREE LEADERS MADE CLEAR THEY WOULD NOT SURRENDER ANY BASIC RIGHTS IN DIVIDED WEST BERLIN, CRUCIAL ISSUE FACING THE EAST-WEST MEETING.

THE THREE ALSO RULED OUT PARTICIPATION AT THE SUMMIT BY ANY EXCEPT THE FOUR MAJOR POWERS. THIS MEANT NO ATTENDANCE BY RED CHINA, EAST OR WEST GERMANY OR NEUTRAL INDIA. THE WEST PROPOSED APRIL 27 AS THE FIRST SUMMIT DATE.

WESTERN SPOKESMEN SAID THEY BELIEVED THE PLACE AND DATE SUGGESTED WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE TO KHRUSHCHEV. HOWEVER, SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO MADE NO COMMENT WHEN THE INVITATIONS WERE DELIVERED IN MOSCOW TODAY.

ANDREW M. BERDING, U.S. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, ESTIMATED THE LENGTH OF THE PARIS SUMMIT MEETING IN "TERMS OF DAYS, NOT WEEKS."

AT THE SAME TIME, THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, CANADA AND ITALY PROPOSED TO REVIVE LONG NEGLECTED DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA AND FOUR OTHER COMMUNIST NATIONS IN GENEVA ABOUT MARCH 15. SUCH TALKS MAY PROVIDE A TEST OF SOVIET INTENTIONS BEFORE THE PARIS SUMMIT.

EISENHOWER, DE GAULLE, AND MACMILLAN, ALONG WITH WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER ALSO CALLED FOR A PARIS MEETING NEXT MONTH ON MEANS OF PREVENTING A DIVISION OF WESTERN EUROPE INTO COMPETING ECONOMIC BLOCS AND ON FURTHERING THE GROWTH OF UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES.

THE PRESIDENT WAS DESCRIBED AS VERY PLEASED ABOUT DEVELOPMENTS MARKING THE CLIMAX OF HIS GRUELLING 11-NATION TOUR. MINUTES AFTER PUBLICATION OF THE CONCLUSIONS OF THE WESTERN SUMMIT HE TOOK OFF FOR SPAIN. TOMORROW HE VISITS MOROCCO AND HEADS FOR HOME.

BUT THE PRESIDENT WAS LESS THAN SUCCESSFUL IN HEALING ALL THE

30.24-9629

WOUNDS TO FRENCH-AMERICAN FRIENDSHIP. FRENCH SOURCES ACKNOWLEDGED SOME PROGRESS WAS MADE, BUT DE GAULLE WAS FAR FROM SATISFIED WITH THE LACK OF AMERICAN SUPPORT IN THE UNITED NATIONS ON THE ALGERIAN ISSUE.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TOLD HIM FRANKLY, SAID AN AMERICAN SPOKESMAN, THAT WASHINGTON RECOGNIZED FRANCE'S PROBLEMS IN ALGERIA, BUT THE FRENCH ALSO SHOULD RECOGNIZE AMERICAN PROBLEMS, PARTICULARLY IN U.S. EFFORTS TO ESTABLISH SOUND RELATIONS WITH NEWLY INDEPENDENT NATIONS IN ASIA AND AFRICA.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER BROUGHT UP THE QUESTION OF DE GAULLE'S RESISTANCE TO INTEGRATION OF NATO UNDER A SINGLE COMMAND. HE TOLD THE FRENCH PRESIDENT HE HAS NOT CHANGED BY ONE IOTA HIS INSISTENCE THAT SUCH A COMMAND IS VITAL TO WESTERN DEFENSE.

LETTERS SENT KHRUSHCHEV BY EISENHOWER, MACMILLAN AND DE GAULLE ON THE SUBJECT OF THE SUMMIT WERE IN GENERAL TERMS. MOST OF THE PUNCH WAS IN THE INSTRUCTIONS TO THE WESTERN AMBASSADORS IN MOSCOW FOR ORAL DELIVERY TO SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO.

THE SUBJECTS EISENHOWER WANTS DISCUSSED AT THE SUMMIT ARE EAST-WEST RELATIONS IN GENERAL, THE GERMANY-WEST BERLIN PROBLEM AND DISARMAMENT. BUT U.S. AMBASSADOR LLEWELLYN THOMPSON WAS INSTRUCTED TO TELL THE RUSSIANS EACH LEADER SHOULD FEEL FREE TO RAISE AND DISCUSS ANY TOPIC HE MIGHT WISH WITHOUT REGARD TO AGENDA.

THE AMBASSADORS ALSO TOLD THE RUSSIANS ATTENDANCE BY OBSERVERS WOULD BE "INAPPROPRIATE." THAT RULED OUT RED CHINA, INDIA AND THE TWO GERMANY'S. THIS PLEASED ADENAUER OF WEST GERMANY WHO IS ANXIOUS TO AVOID GIVING THE COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN REGIME A NEW CHANCE TO CLAIM EQUAL STATUS AT SUCH A MEETING.

THE LETTERS, INCLUDING EISENHOWER'S, SAID: "WE AGREED THAT IT WOULD BE DESIRABLE FOR THE FOUR HEADS OF STATE OR GOVERNMENT TO MEET TOGETHER FROM TIME TO TIME IN EACH OTHER'S COUNTRIES TO DISCUSS THE MAIN PROBLEMS AFFECTING THE ATTAINMENT OF PEACE AND STABILITY IN THE WORLD."

AMERICAN SPOKESMEN TOOK THE POSITION THAT THE PROPOSAL FOR THE SERIES OF SUMMITS DID NOT COMMIT ANY FUTURE AMERICAN PRESIDENT THOUGH IT IS UNLIKELY THERE COULD BE MORE MEETINGS IN 1960 BEFORE EISENHOWER'S TERM ENDS. THE UNITED STATES IS COMMITTED ONLY TO THE "DESIRABILITY" OF A SERIES OF SUMMITS.

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY PICTURED EISENHOWER AS FEELING THAT WHETHER THERE IS SUCH A SERIES DEPENDED LARGELY ON THE RUSSIANS: HOW MUCH PROGRESS THEY PERMITTED THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE TO MAKE AND HOW WELL THEY ADHERED TO ANY NEW PROMISES MADE.

ON BERLIN, EISENHOWER MADE IT CLEAR TO THE AMBASSADOR IN MOSCOW THERE IS NO WESTERN INTENTION TO BACK DOWN ON EXISTING RIGHTS OF THE WEST. THESE RIGHTS, THE WEST CONTENTS, CANNOT BE ABROGATED BY ANY ONE POWER.

KHRUSHCHEV TRIED TO DO THAT IN NOVEMBER 1958 BY DECLARING HIS INTENTION OF ENDING SOVIET PARTICIPATION IN OCCUPATION OF THE CITY.

TODAY'S COMMUNIQUE REAFFIRMED WESTERN STATEMENTS ON BERLIN OF DEC. 14, 1958, AND THE DECLARATION BY THE NATO COUNCIL OF DEC. 16, 1958. BOTH DOCUMENTS EXPRESSED WESTERN DETERMINATION TO DEFEND WEST BERLIN AGAINST AGGRESSION.

ALLIED WORKING GROUPS ON AMBASSADORIAL AND MINISTERIAL LEVELS, PROBABLY BASED IN WASHINGTON, SOON WILL BEGIN DRAFTING SPECIFIC PROPOSALS CONCERNING THE APRIL SUMMIT.

J235PES

A13

PMS BUDGET
BIG FOUR INTERPRETIVE (520)
BY TOM OCHILTREE

PARIS, DEC. 21 (AP)--THE WINDUP OF THE WESTERN SUMMIT CONFERENCE TODAY FINDS EACH OF THE FOUR NATION'S LEADERS HAPPILY CONVINCED THAT HE HAS SCORED A PERSONAL SUCCESS.

IN THEIR FRANK EXCHANGES OF VIEWS PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE, BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER BLUNTED THE SHARP EDGES OF DISAGREEMENT WITHIN THE WESTERN ALLIANCE EVEN IF THEY WERE NOT ABLE TO RESOLVE ALL THEIR PROBLEMS.

ONE RESULT ACHIEVED WITHOUT MUCH TROUBLE WAS THE INVITATION TO SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV TO MEET WITH EISENHOWER, DE GAULLE AND MACMILLAN IN PARIS IN APRIL. IF KHRUSHCHEV REALLY DESIRES SERIOUS NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE WEST, IT WOULD SEEM HE, TOO, HAS REASON TO BE PLEASED BY THE WEEKEND TALKS IN PARIS, WHICH HE MUST HAVE WATCHED WITH SO MUCH INTEREST.

IDEALLY, DIPLOMATIC NEGOTIATIONS CONDUCTED AMONG ALLIES SHOULD MAKE EACH MAN FEEL LIKE A WINNER. IN THAT SENSE THE WESTERN SUMMIT TALKS WERE A SUCCESS EVEN IF MANY TOUGH DETAILS WERE PASSED ON TO WORKING GROUPS OF EXPERTS. EISENHOWER WAS DESCRIBED AS HIGHLY SATISFIED WITH THE OUTCOME.

HE SUCCEEDED, FOR EXAMPLE, IN CONVINCING DE GAULLE THAT THE UNITED STATES SUPPORTS THE FRENCH PRESIDENT'S PLAN FOR SETTling THE ALGERIAN PROBLEM ON THE BASIS OF SELF-DETERMINATION AFTER PEACE IS RESTORED.

EISENHOWER AND DE GAULLE WERE UNABLE TO RESOLVE THEIR DIFFERENCES OVER INTEGRATION OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE'S DEFENSIVE SYSTEM WHICH FRANCE OPPOSES. THERE WAS HOPE IN THE AMERICAN CAMP, HOWEVER, THAT THIS MATTER ULTIMATELY CAN BE ADJUSTED, AT LEAST TO PROVIDE FOR UNIFYING WESTERN EUROPE'S AIR DEFENSES.

DE GAULLE CLEARLY SECURED GREATER CONSIDERATION FOR VARIOUS FRENCH VIEWS AMONG WESTERN LEADERS. THE WESTERN PREFERENCE FOR PARIS AS THE SITE FOR THE EAST-WEST SUMMIT NEXT SPRING ALSO COULD BE REGARDED AS A TRIUMPH FOR THE PROUD FRENCH LEADER.

MACMILLAN SECURED AGREEMENT FROM HIS ALLIES FOR ONE OF HIS LONG-RANGE GOALS--THE MOVE TOWARD A SERIES OF SUMMIT CONFERENCES. ONLY A FEW MONTHS AGO MACMILLAN ALONE FAVORED THIS IDEA OF A CHAIN OF SUMMIT MEETINGS WITH EACH ONE ATTEMPTING ONLY LIMITED OBJECTIVES.

ADENAUER WAS BELIEVED TO BE THE HAPPIEST OF THE FOUR. HIS ALLIES ASSURED HIM THAT THEY WOULD NOT BEGIN NEGOTIATING WITH KHRUSHCHEV ON BERLIN AT THE POINT WHERE THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE LEFT OFF LAST SUMMER. NOW, ADENAUER BELIEVES, THE AMERICANS, BRITISH AND FRENCH WILL HAVE MORE LINE TO PAY OUT SLOWLY WHEN THEY TALK WITH THE RUSSIANS ABOUT THE GERMAN AND BERLIN PROBLEMS.

THE WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS PROPOSED SOME MODIFICATIONS REGARDING WEST BERLIN AT THE GENEVA CONFERENCE. BUT THEY ARE NOT GOING TO START THE EAST-WEST SUMMIT ON THAT SAME GROUND. TO DO SO MIGHT GIVE KHRUSHCHEV TOO MUCH OF AN OPPORTUNITY TO TRY TO PRY BASIC CONCESSION OUT OF THE WEST, CONCESSIONS DANGEROUS NOT ONLY TO THE FUTURE OF WEST BERLIN BUT TO WEST GERMANY AS WELL.

DIPLOMATIC EXPERTS HAVE THREE MONTHS OR SO OF HARD WORK AHEAD IN PREPARING THE EXACT WESTERN NEGOTIATING POSITIONS.

G302AES

A26

NIGHT LEAD WITH PARIS (150)
MOSCOW, DEC. 21 (AP)--THE UNITED STATES, BRITISH AND FRENCH AMBASSADORS PRESENTED INVITATIONS AT THE FOREIGN MINISTRY TODAY FOR PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV TO JOIN IN A SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN PARIS ON APRIL 27.

1959

SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO RECEIVED THE LETTERS AMIABLY BUT WITHOUT INFORMATIVE COMMENT. EACH AMBASSADOR SAW GROMYKO SEPARATELY, AT HALF-HOUR INTERVALS, AND REMAINED ONLY ABOUT FIVE MINUTES.

WHILE IT WAS CONCEIVABLE THAT KHRUSHCHEV WOULD ACCEPT BOTH THE TIME AND PLACE PROPOSED BY THE WESTERN POWERS, THERE WAS SOME SPECULATION HE WOULD OFFER A COUNTERPROPOSAL TO MEET IN GENEVA INSTEAD OF PARIS.

THE WESTERN SUGGESTION OF A SERIES OF SUMMIT MEETINGS PROMPTED DIPLOMATS AND OTHERS TO SPECULATE KHRUSHCHEV MIGHT BE HAPPY TO HAVE OTHER SUCH MEETINGS IN 1960 BEFORE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER LEAVES OFFICE. THIS SPECULATION WAS BASED ON KHRUSHCHEV'S EVIDENT SATISFACTION WITH HIS TALKS WITH EISENHOWER AT CAMP DAVID LAST SEPTEMBER.

--DASH--

A MOSCOW BROADCAST HEARD IN LONDON SAID THE WEST'S CALL FOR AN APRIL SUMMIT MEETING RESULTED FROM SOVIET INITIATIVE, AND IT HINTED KHRUSHCHEV WILL ATTEND.

APPARENTLY WELCOMING THE WESTERN CALL, A SOVIET COMMENTATOR DECLARED:

"... THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT'S PROPOSAL ON A MEETING OF THE LEADERS OF THE FOUR GREAT POWERS HAS FOUND A POSITIVE RESPONSE."

"THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT, AS IS WELL KNOWN, HAS REPEATEDLY SHOWN INITIATIVE ON THIS ..."

"IT HAS CONSIDERED AND STILL CONSIDERS THAT SUCH A CONFERENCE WILL HELP TO REMOVE MUTUAL DISTRUST AND OPEN THE WAY FOR A FURTHER RELAXATION OF INTERNATIONAL TENSION."

"THE SUCCESS OF THE FORTHCOMING MEETING DEPENDS ON WHAT THE PARTICIPANTS BRING TO IT," HE ADDED:

"INTERNATIONAL PUBLIC OPINION CONSIDERS THAT IN ORDER TO STRENGTHEN MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING AMONG THE GREAT POWERS IT IS ESSENTIAL TO PUT A COMPLETE END TO ALL VESTIGES OF THE COLD WAR. . ."

LS529PES

A176

(130)

WITH PARIS

BONN, GERMANY, DEC. 21 (AP)--CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER DECLARED TONIGHT IT IS NOW UP TO THE SOVIET UNION WHETHER INTERNATIONAL TENSION CAN BE RELAXED AT THE PROPOSED SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN APRIL.

IN OBVIOUS GOOD HUMOR, THE 83-YEAR-OLD CHANCELLOR STEPPED BRISKLY OFF A PLANE FROM PARIS AND SAID: "IT WILL NOW BE SHOWN WHETHER RUSSIA WANTS TO OR DOES NOT WANT TO RELAX TENSION."

HE SAID SUCH A RELAXATION OF TENSION "WOULD NOT ONLY BE IN THE INTEREST OF THE FREE WORLD BUT ALSO IN THE INTEREST OF RUSSIA ITSELF."

WITH A BEAMING SMILE ADENAUER DECLARED THAT "COMPLETE UNITY" PREVAILED AT THE PARIS CONFERENCE WHERE HE MET WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, PRESIDENT DE GAULLE AND PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN.

"COMPLETE UNITY PREVAILED IN OUR TALKS ON PREPARATIONS FOR THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE. THE SAME UNITY ALSO PREVAILED IN THE DISCUSSIONS OF THE GERMAN QUESTION AND BERLIN," HE SAID.

JF116PES

A147WX

(110) GATES

WASHINGTON, DEC. 21 (AP)--SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR. RETURNING TODAY FROM THE NATO CONFERENCE IN PARIS, SAID THERE IS CONTINUING NEED FOR MORE INTEGRATION OF THE WESTERN NATIONS' ARMED FORCES UNDER A CENTRAL COMMAND.

GATES, ANSWERING NEWSMEN'S QUESTIONS, SAID THAT "FROM A MILITARY POINT OF VIEW THIS IS HIGHLY IMPORTANT."

HIS REFERENCE TO THE NEED FOR GREATER INTEGRATION UNDER THE HIGH COMMAND INCLUDED THE NEED TO BRING AIR DEFENSES MORE STRONGLY UNDER THE NATO TOP COMMAND.

THE PARIS MEETING, SAID GATES, WAS VERY SATISFACTORY AND ALL PRESENT CONFIRMED THE VALIDITY OF THE ALLIANCE.

LT113AES NM

A116

(120)

PARIS, DEC. 21 (AP)-A PAIR OF ALERT FRENCH EARS SAVED PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE FROM AN EMBARRASSING MISQUOTATION TODAY.

THE EARS BELONG TO PIERRE BARADUC, SPOKESMAN FOR THE FRENCH FOREIGN OFFICE. THE SCENE WAS THE MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR. JEAN CHAUVEAU, INFORMATION DIRECTOR FOR DE GAULLE, WAS READING THE TEXT OF A LETTER SENT BY THE FRENCH PRESIDENT TO SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV.

AMONG THE SUBJECTS DISCUSSED AT THE WESTERN BIG FOUR MEETING HERE, CHAUVEAU SAID, READING THE LETTER, "WAS THE DIFFICULTY OF A MEETING WITH YOU."

BARADUC'S EARS PERKED UP.

"NO," HE SAID, LEANING TOWARD CHAUVEAU. "THE WORD IS NOT DIFFICULTY. IT'S POSSIBILITY."

CHAUVEAU HASTILY CORRECTED HIMSELF. THE 400 OR SO NEWSMEN IN THE ROOM CORRECTED THEIR NOTES.

RS1006PES

A22

AMS BUDGET (470)

NIGHT LEAD ECONOMIC (WITH BIG FOUR)

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

PARIS, DEC. 21 (AP)-THE WESTERN BIG FOUR PLEDGED TODAY TO WORK FOR A LONG TERM SETTLEMENT OF WEST EUROPE'S TRADE DISPUTES.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER JOINED HIS ALLIES IN URGING THAT FAIR AND LIBERAL TRADE PRINCIPLES GOVERN ANY TRUCE BETWEEN EUROPE'S RIVAL TRADE BLOCS. THESE ARE THE SIX-NATION COMMON MARKET LED BY FRANCE AND GERMANY AND THE SEVEN-NATION FREE TRADE ASSN. LED BY BRITAIN.

PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN, CHANCELLOR ADENAUER, PRESIDENT DE GAULLE, AND EISENHOWER ALSO SET UP A SPECIAL NEGOTIATING COMMITTEE, WHICH WILL MEET HERE SOON. IMMEDIATE OBJECTIVE OF THE EXPERTS WILL BE TO STAVE OFF THREATS OF TRADE WAR LOOMING OVER EUROPE BETWEEN "THE SIX" AND "THE SEVEN." THEY WILL ALSO SORT OUT A TARIFF BATTLE MENACING EUROPEAN-NORTH AMERICAN TRADE RELATIONS.

LONG TERM GOAL OF THE GROUP WILL BE TO PLAN THE MOBILIZATION OF WESTERN RESOURCES SO AS TO MEET AND BEAT A SOVIET-LED ECONOMIC OFFENSIVE BUILDING UP FOR THE 1960'S.

IN BETWEEN THE PLANNERS WILL WORK OUT A COMMON EUROPEAN-NORTH AMERICAN PROGRAM FOR AIDING AND DEVELOPING NEEDY NATIONS.

IN THEIR STATEMENT THE BIG FOUR NOTED:

"VIRTUALLY ALL OF THE INDUSTRIALIZED PART OF THE FREE WORLD IS NOW IN A POSITION TO DEVOTE ITS ENERGIES IN INCREASED MEASURE TO NEW AND IMPORTANT TASKS OF COOPERATIVE ENDEAVOR."

IN PLAIN TERMS THE FOUR WERE TRYING TO SAY: FREE EUROPE, THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH, NORTH AMERICA AND ANY OTHER INTERESTED NON-COMMUNIST COUNTRY SHOULD NOT BAND AND BRACE TOGETHER TO DOVETAIL ECONOMIC POLICIES.

THE NEW NEGOTIATING COMMITTEE WILL MEET IMMEDIATELY BEFORE FINANCE MINISTERS OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION

80.24-9631

CONVENE HERE JAN. 13. IN THEIR NEW QUEST FOR A COMMON ECONOMIC POLICY, THE NEGOTIATORS WILL FACE THREE CONFLICTING ATTITUDES HELD BY LONDON, WASHINGTON AND PARIS.

1. LONDON THINKS: A RECONCILIATION BETWEEN THE SIX AND THE SEVEN IS URGENT. IT LIKELY WOULD TAKE THE FORM OF LONG TERM TARIFF AGREEMENTS. THIS MIGHT MAKE SOME "DISCRIMINATION" AGAINST AMERICAN GOODS UNAVOIDABLE.

2. WASHINGTON THINKS: AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE SIX AND THE SEVEN, WITHOUT NORTH AMERICAN PARTICIPATION, WOULD BE DISASTROUS. IT COULD LEAD TO REPRISALS. BUT NO EARLY PROSPECT OF A TRANSATLANTIC FREE TRADE AREA IS IN SIGHT. HOWEVER, SLOWLY, OVER THE YEARS, SOME SUCH ARRANGEMENT MIGHT BE DEVELOPED IF THE NEW GROUP WORKS WELL.

3. PARIS THINKS: THE FREE WORLD TODAY COMPRISES THREE MAIN TRADING COMMUNITIES--THE COMMONWEALTH, THE COMMON MARKET AND THE NORTH AMERICAN DOLLAR ZONE. THEREFORE BARGAINING SHOULD TAKE PLACE BETWEEN THEM. THE EVENTUAL EXTERNAL TARIFF TO BE ADOPTED BY THE SIX WILL BE THE LOWEST. THEREFORE IT IS UP TO THE BRITISH AND AMERICANS TO BEGIN SCALING DOWN THEIR RATES.

THE BIG FOUR DECISION TO SPONSOR NEW TALKS BY NO MEANS SIGNALS THE END OF THE WEST'S ECONOMIC WOES. A LONG, HARD, BITTER TRAIL OF BARGAINING LIES AHEAD.

MAKE-UP OF THE NEW 13-MEMBER NEGOTIATING GROUP IS ON A COMPLICATED BASIS. FOUR COMMON MARKET NATIONS NAMED ARE FRANCE, WEST GERMANY, BELGIUM AND ITALY. FOUR FREE TRADE ASSOCIATION COUNTRIES NAMED ARE BRITAIN, DENMARK, PORTUGAL AND SWITZERLAND. HOLLAND, WHICH BELONGS TO THE SIX, AND SWEDEN, WHICH BELONGS TO THE SEVEN, WILL SIT ALTERNATELY. AND FOUR DELEGATES FROM THE OUTSIDE WORLD WILL GET SEATS--ONE EACH FROM THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA, ONE FROM GREECE AND ONE FROM THE COMMON MARKET SECRETARIAT.

J/MM/FV

MM335PES

B46WX Q

(270) WITH PARIS-ECONOMIC

WASHINGTON, DEC. 21 (AP)-UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE DOUGLAS DILLON WILL REPRESENT THE UNITED STATES AT A PARIS CONFERENCE CALLED TO AVERT A POSSIBLE TRADE WAR BETWEEN RIVAL EUROPEAN TRADE BLOCS.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS DISCLOSED THIS TODAY SHORTLY AFTER THE BIG FOUR HEADS OF GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED IN PARIS THAT THE ECONOMIC MEETING WILL BE HELD IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

U. S. OFFICIALS EXPECT THE SESSION TO BEGIN SHORTLY BEFORE JAN. 14 WHEN A MINISTERIAL MEETING OF THE ORGANIZATION OF EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION (OEEC) IS TO CONVENE IN PARIS.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS EMPHASIZED THAT THE UNITED STATES IS STRONGLY OPPOSED TO ANY PREFERENTIAL TRADING AREA FOR EUROPE WHICH BRITAIN AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE SO-CALLED "OUTER SEVEN" COUNTRIES WOULD LIKE TO ESTABLISH.

IN ADDITION, THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT WANT TO SEE ANY ARRANGEMENT WORKED OUT WHICH WOULD DAMAGE THE TRADING INTERESTS OF THIS COUNTRY, JAPAN, LATIN AMERICAN NATIONS AND OTHER OUTSIDE COUNTRIES.

THE PARIS CONFERENCE WILL INCLUDE BRITAIN, SWITZERLAND, PORTUGAL, SWEDEN AND DENMARK FROM THE OUTER SEVEN TRADE GROUP.

THE SIX-NATION EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET WILL BE REPRESENTED BY FRANCE, WEST GERMANY, ITALY, BELGIUM AND THE NETHERLANDS.

LUXEMBOURG OF THE COMMON MARKET AND NORWAY AND AUSTRIA WHICH ARE MEMBERS OF THE OUTER SEVEN WILL NOT ATTEND THE PARIS MEETING. THE UNITED STATES WILL CONTINUE TO EMPHASIZE ITS VIEWS THAT THE FREE WORLD TRADING ORGANIZATION KNOWN AS GATT (GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TRADE AND TARIFFS) HAS ESTABLISHED TRADING PRINCIPLES FOR ALL THE FREE WORLD COUNTRIES. THE STATE DEPARTMENT FEELS THOSE PRINCIPLES MUST BE ADHERED TO IF A SERIOUS SPLIT IN FREE WORLD RANKS ON TRADE POLICY IS TO BE AVERTED.

LT4CZ615PES

A88 (190)

WITH PARIS BIG 4 ECONOMIC STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN, DEC. 21 (AP)-SWEDEN, A LEADING MEMBER OF THE OUTER SEVEN FREE TRADE AREA, TODAY WELCOMED THE BID BY THE WESTERN BIG FOUR TO AVERT A WESTERN EUROPEAN TRADE WAR.

THE OUTER SEVEN GROUP (BRITAIN, SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK, AUSTRIA, SWITZERLAND AND PORTUGAL) WAS SET UP TO COUNTERACT EFFECTS OF THE SIX-NATION EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET (WEST GERMANY, FRANCE, ITALY, THE NETHERLANDS, BELGIUM AND LUXEMBOURG).

COMMENTING ON THE SUGGESTION IN PARIS BY THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND WEST GERMANY FOR A CONFERENCE TO PREVENT A TRADE WAR BETWEEN THE TWO EUROPEAN GROUPS, SWEDEN'S TRADE MINISTER GUNNAR LANGE SAID IN A STATEMENT:

"IF THE IDEA IS TO SURVEY THE GROUND FOR AN UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE SIX-NATION GROUP AND THE OUTER SEVEN WE ARE ALL FOR IT.

"WE HAVE ALWAYS STRESSED OUR GREAT INTEREST IN REACHING AN UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE TWO GROUPS AND THE POSITIVE INTEREST SHOWN BY THE AMERICANS MAY HAVE IMPROVED THE PROSPECTS SOMEWHAT.

"IF NO AGREEMENT CAN BE REACHED AND A TRADE WAR WOULD BREAK OUT IN EUROPE AGAINST OUR WISH, THIS CANNOT BE REGARDED AS SOUND USE OF THE RESOURCES OF EUROPE. AMONG OTHER THINGS IT WOULD ALSO REDUCE EUROPE'S CHANCES OF ASSISTING THE LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES."

PS/R834PES

A3

MOSCOW, DEC. 21 (AP)-SWEDEN AND THE SOVIET UNION SIGNED A TRADE PACT TODAY PROVIDING FOR AN INCREASED EXCHANGE OF GOODS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES. TASS SAID THAT UNDER THE AGREEMENT, COVERING NEXT YEAR'S TRADE, THE SOVIET UNION WILL EXPORT MORE OIL PRODUCTS, IRON AND OTHER ORES, EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY TO SWEDEN THAN IT HAS IN PAST YEARS. SWEDEN WILL SUPPLY PLANT EQUIPMENT, TUBES, LEATHER, FOODSTUFFS "AND OTHER GOODS," THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY ADDED.

RA219PES

A155 (180)

SECOND LEAD DISARMAMENT (A141)

PARIS, DEC. 21 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, CANADA AND ITALY TODAY PROPOSED A RESUMPTION OF DISARMAMENT TALKS ABOUT MARCH 15 WITH FIVE COMMUNIST NATIONS, HEADED BY THE SOVIET UNION. THEY SUGGESTED GENEVA AS A SITE.

FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE FIVE WESTERN GOVERNMENTS ALSO DECIDED THEIR REPRESENTATIVES SHOULD MEET IN WASHINGTON IN JANUARY TO PREPARE FOR THE 10-POWER CONFERENCE.

THE DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE, PRECEDING EAST-WEST SUMMIT TALKS, WOULD GIVE THE WEST A CHANCE TO SOUND SOVIET INTENTIONS.

IN A BRIEF COMMUNIQUE THE WESTERN NATIONS PROMISED TO KEEP THEIR NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE ALLIES FULLY INFORMED OF THE NEGOTIATIONS.

THE COMMUNIST NATIONS ARE THE SOVIET UNION, ROMANIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, POLAND AND BULGARIA.

FORMATION OF THE 10-NATION COMMITTEE WAS ANNOUNCED IN GENEVA SEPT. 7 BY THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE, BRITAIN AND RUSSIA. THIS WILL BE ITS FIRST MEETING IF THE COMMUNIST BLOC COUNTRIES ACCEPT. THE UNITED NATIONS HAS REFERRED TO ITS CURRENT DISARMAMENT PROPOSALS, INCLUDING THE SWEEPING ONE MADE BY SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV DURING HIS U.S. VISIT IN SEPTEMBER.

(NO PICKUP).

KS1201PES

A89

NIGHT LEAD INDIAN-CHINESE (150)

NEW DELHI, INDIA, DEC. 21 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NEHRU TURNED DOWN TODAY RED CHINESE PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI'S PROPOSAL THAT THEY MEET SATURDAY TO DISCUSS THEIR BORDER DISPUTE.

PRELIMINARY DISCUSSIONS TO CLARIFY BASIC POSITIONS ARE NECESSARY TO MAKE SUCH A TOP-LEVEL MEETING FRUITFUL, NEHRU SAID.

HE REPORTED TO PARLIAMENT HE HAD MADE THIS REPLY TO CHOU, WHO PROPOSED LAST WEEK THAT THE TWO LEADERS MEET DEC. 26 AT SOME PLACE IN CHINA OR AT RANGOON, BURMA.

CHOU SUGGESTED THAT INDIA WITHDRAW FROM 10 PLACES ALONG THE BORDER. NEHRU SAID THIS WAS "MERELY A REITERATION OF CLAIMS TO EXTENSIVE AREAS IN OUR TERRITORY" AND THAT HE FAILED TO SEE HOW A SUMMIT SESSION WITH CHOU WOULD HELP MATTERS WHEN THERE IS DISAGREEMENT ON BASIC FACTS.

SOCIALIST LEADER J.B. KRIPALANI DEMANDED THAT NEHRU TAKE A FIRMER STAND. NEHRU REPLIED:

"AS FAR AS I AM CONCERNED, AS FAR AS MY GOVERNMENT IS CONCERNED, WE SHALL NEGOTIATE AND NEGOTIATE AND NEGOTIATE TO THE BITTER END. I WANT MEMBERS TO REALIZE THE ONLY ALTERNATIVE TO NEGOTIATION IS WAR."

TB838PES

A108

(130)

NEW DELHI, DEC. 21 (AP)-TWO OF THE LATE MOHANDAS K. GANDHI'S FOREMOST DISCIPLES TODAY ACCUSED EACH OTHER OF NOT ADHERING TO GANDHI'S TEACHINGS.

THEY ARE PRIME MINISTER NEHRU AND THE LEADER OF THE PEOPLE'S SOCIALIST PARTY, ACHRYA KRIPALANI--BOTH FORMER CONGRESS PARTY PRESIDENTS AND LONG TRUSTED LIEUTENANTS OF GANDHI.

KRIPALANI INTERVENED IN NEHRU'S STATEMENT IN PARLIAMENT ON HIS REPLY TO RED CHINA'S PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI. KRIPALANI SAID NEHRU HAD FORGOTTEN GANDHI'S DICTUM TO TAKE ACTION IN THE PROPER TIME, AND ADDED: "TIME RIPENS A FRUIT AND IF NOT PROPERLY PICKED UP THEN, TIME ALSO ROTS THE FRUIT."

NEHRU ROSE IN ANGER AND DECLARED, "I ABSOLUTELY REJECT THE APPROACH OF STOPPING THE NEGOTIATIONS AT ANY STAGE, WHICH," NEHRU ADDED, "WITH ALL RESPECT TO THE MEMBER OPPOSITE (KRIPALANI) IS A FUNDAMENTALLY ANTI-GANDHIAN APPROACH."

TB948PES

A115

(120)

KIEL, GERMANY, DEC. 22 (AP)-TWO MORE JUDGES HAVE BEEN SUSPENDED FROM THEIR POSTS FOR HIDING THE TRUE IDENTITY OF PROF. WERNER HEYDE, ALLEGED CHIEF OF THE NAZI MERCY KILLING PROGRAM.

HEYDE WAS ARRESTED LAST MONTH AFTER LIVING UNDER A FALSE NAME SINCE HE ESCAPED FROM ALLIED CUSTODY IN 1947. HE IS ALLEGED OF HAVING TOP RESPONSIBILITY IN THE KILLING OF 70,000 INMATES OF GERMAN MENTAL INSTITUTIONS IN WORLD WAR II.

30.24-9633

UNDER THE NAME OF DR. SAWADE, HE HAD WORKED AS A MEDICAL EXPERT FOR THE SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN STATE SOCIAL COURT, WHICH HAS CHIEFLY TO DECIDE ON PENSIONS FOR WAR INVALIDS AND SIMILAR CASES. THE PRESIDENT OF THE COURT WAS SUSPENDED EARLIER THIS MONTH. AUTHORITIES SAID HE FAILED TO INFORM THEM OF HEYDE'S IDENTITY. YESTERDAY, OFFICIAL SOURCES REVEALED THE SUSPENSION OF TWO OTHER JUDGES.

DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS ARE PENDING AGAINST ALL THREE.

TB&RS1002PES

A87 (120)

MOSCOW, DEC. 21 (AP)-A TASS COMMENTATOR TONIGHT ACCUSED EX-PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN OF "STUBBORN AND OBSTINATE" RESISTANCE TO THE EASING OF INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS.

THE OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY SAID TRUMAN APPEARED TO BE GUIDED NOT BY THE MOOD OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE AT LARGE--BUT BY THE INTERESTS OF NARROW CIRCLES BENT ON "ATOMIC BLACKMAIL."

COMMENTATOR IGOR ORLOV SAID TRUMAN WAS OUT OF STEP WITH THE ADVISORY COUNCIL OF HIS OWN DEMOCRATIC PARTY. ORLOV SAID THAT WHILE THE COUNCIL ADVOCATED A POLICY OF HOLDING OFF NUCLEAR TESTS, TRUMAN WAS OPPOSED TO ANY EXTENSION OF THE CURRENT TEST SUSPENSION PERIOD.

"WHEN IT IS A QUESTION OF RESISTING NEW IDEAS, WHEN IT IS POSSIBLE TO COUNTERACT EVEN THE SLIGHTEST RELAXATION OF INTERNATIONAL TENSION, THE EX-PRESIDENT IS AMAZINGLY STUBBORN AND OBSTINATE," ORLOV SAID.

PS831PES

A62WX

(200) WARSHIP COSTS

WASHINGTON, DEC. 21 (AP)-THE NAVY ESTIMATES THE ATOM-POWERED MISSILE CRUISER LONG BEACH WILL COST NOT LESS THAN 250 MILLION DOLLARS NOR MORE THAN 300 MILLION.

A SPOKESMAN SAID IN REPLY TO QUESTIONS TODAY THAT WHEN THE PLAN FOR BUILDING A NUCLEAR-POWERED SURFACE SHIP WAS DRAWN UP SEVERAL YEARS AGO THE SHIP WAS ENVISIONED AS A SMALLER FRIGATE-TYPE VESSEL, HALF OF ITS ARMAMENT TO BE CONVENTIONAL GUNS, THE REMAINDER MISSILES. THE ESTIMATED COST AT THAT TIME WAS 87 MILLION DOLLARS.

SUBSEQUENTLY, THE DECISION WAS MADE TO CHANGE THE PROGRAM TO A FULL-SIZED CRUISER, WITH ALL ARMAMENTS CONSISTING OF MISSILES.

AS A RESULT OF THIS AND OTHER FACTORS, THE SHIP NOW WILL COST BETWEEN 250 AND 300 MILLION DOLLARS, THE SPOKESMAN SAID.

THE LONG BEACH IS BEING BUILT AT THE QUINCY, MASS., PLANT OF BETHLEHEM SHIPBUILDING CORP.

THE NAVY NUCLEAR-SHIP PROGRAM AT PRESENT PROVIDES ALSO FOR ONE FRIGATE AND TWO CARRIERS BUT PROSPECTS AS TO THE SECOND CARRIER ARE DIM. CONSTRUCTION HAS BEEN STARTED ON ONE CARRIER, THE ENTERPRISE, BUT THE ADMINISTRATION HAS REFUSED TO PUT FUNDS FOR A SECOND CARRIER INTO THE NEW FISCAL 1961 BUDGET.

COST OF THE FRIGATE, THE BAINBRIDGE, WILL BE ABOUT 108 MILLION DOLLARS, THE NAVY ESTIMATES. THE COST OF THE ENTERPRISE NOW IS CALCULATED AT 435 MILLIONS.

CZ612PES

A61WX

(200) TITAN

WASHINGTON, DEC. 21 (AP)-SEN. GORDON ALLOTT (R-COLO) SAID TODAY THE AIR FORCE PLANS NO CUTBACK OR CURTAILMENT OF THE TITAN INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE PROGRAM.

ALLOTT MADE THE STATEMENT AFTER A CHECK WITH THE AIR FORCE. HE SAID QUESTIONS ABOUT THE TITAN PROGRAM WERE RAISED AT DENVER WHERE THE MISSILE IS BUILT IN A MARTIN CO. PLANT.

THE SENATOR SAID HE HAD TALKED WITH AIR FORCE OFFICIALS AT EVERY LEVEL, ADDING:

"AFTER ANALYZING THE RESULTS OF THESE CONFERENCES THERE IS NO DOUBT IN MY MIND THAT THE TITAN IS MOVING AHEAD STRONGLY AND ON SCHEDULE."

"I HAVE EVERY CONFIDENCE THAT IT WILL ASSUME ITS PLACE IN OUR MISSILE ARSENAL IN THE NEAR FUTURE."

ALLOTT EXPLAINED HE BEGAN TO RECEIVE QUESTIONS ABOUT THE MISSILE FROM DENVER AFTER A TEST TITAN BLEW UP ON ITS LAUNCHING PAD AT CAPE CANAVERAL EARLIER THIS MONTH.

HE SAID STUDIES OF THE FAILURE SHOWED THAT A SMALL RELAY IN THE SELF-DESTRUCTION SYSTEM WAS INADVERTENTLY SET OFF BY THE VIBRATION OF THE FIRING.

"SUBSEQUENT TESTS AT THE DENVER PLANT HAVE GIVEN US EVERY REASON TO BELIEVE THE MALFUNCTION HAS BEEN CORRECTED," ALLOTT SAID.

THE TITAN IS NOT YET IN THE OPERATIONAL STAGE. IT IS REGARDED AS AN IMPROVEMENT ON THE ATLAS, FIRST U.S. INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILE TO BE DEVELOPED. THE ATLAS IS RATED AS COMBAT READY.

JA608PES

A49KX

(190)

HONOLULU, DEC. 21 (AP)-REP. DANIEL K. INOUE (D-HAWAII) RETURNED FROM A THREE-WEEK TOUR OF THE ORIENT SUNDAY NIGHT, CONVINCED AMERICA'S ALLIES ARE AS LOYAL AS EVER.

HE MINIMIZED REPORTS OF ANTI-AMERICANISM, ESPECIALLY IN THE PHILIPPINES.

"I FEEL THAT OUR RELATIONS WITH THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT ARE STRONGER THAN EVER," HE SAID AT AN AIRPORT NEWS CONFERENCE.

INOUE, FIRST U.S. CONGRESSMAN OF JAPANESE ANCESTRY, VISITED JAPAN, KOREA, FORMOSA, OKINAWA, HONG KONG AND THE PHILIPPINES. HE MADE THE TOUR AT THE INVITATION OF U.S. SECRETARY OF THE ARMY WILBER M. BRUCKER AND PACIFIC ARMY COMMANDER, GENERAL I.D. WHITE.

"WE ARE DOING A GOOD JOB OF CONTAINING COMMUNISM IN THE ORIENT," HE SAID. "AND THE 7TH FLEET IS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY TO DETER AND DISCOURAGE RED CHINA FROM CERTAIN VENTURES."

HE DWELT AT LENGTH ON THE PHILIPPINES, WHERE RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES ARE REPORTED AT A NEW POSTWAR LOW.

HE SAID HE WOULD LIKE TO SEE BETTER ACCOMMODATIONS FOR U.S. PERSONNEL AND DEPENDENTS AT CLARK AIR FORCE BASE NORTH OF MANILA.

INOUE SAID PILFERAGE ON THE BASE, ONCE REPORTED RAMPANT AND WHICH LED TO HARD FEELINGS BETWEEN AMERICANS AND FILIPINOS, HAD DWINDLED CONSIDERABLY IN THE PAST FOUR WEEKS. THIS HE ATTRIBUTED TO EFFORTS OF THE PHILIPPINE CONSTABULARY.

LK417PCS

A35

PRECEDENCE LONDON DAY STALIN (260)
MOSCOW, DEC. 21 (AP)-PRAVDA TODAY PRAISED STALIN ON THE 80TH ANNIVERSARY OF HIS BIRTH AS "A STAUNCH FIGHTER FOR SOCIALISM."
THE ARTICLE IN THE CHIEF PRESS ORGAN OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY REFLECTED A STEADY DRIFT TOWARD REINSTATING STALIN AMONG THE GREAT SPOKESMAN OF COMMUNIST IDEOLOGY.
PRAVDA SAID STALIN'S HISTORIC PLACE IN THIS REGARD ALREADY IS ASSURED. STILL, MOST OF THE ARTICLE WAS DEVOTED TO CRITICIZING HIM BECAUSE "HE OVERESTIMATED HIS OWN MERITS."

IT WAS THE SECOND YEAR IN SUCCESSION THAT PRAVDA HAD USED THE BIRTHDAY ANNIVERSARY TO CALL STALIN TO THE ATTENTION OF THE SOVIET PEOPLE AS "THE OUTSTANDING THEORETICIAN OF MARXIST-LENINISM."
PRAVDA SAID THE COMMUNIST PARTY "SUPPORTS AND HIGHLY ESTIMATES THAT PART OF HIS ACTIVITY SUPPORTING LENINISM." BUT IT ADDED THAT HIS ONE-MAN REGIME IN THE LAST YEARS OF HIS LIFE "CAUSED GREAT DAMAGE TO SOCIALIST CONSTRUCTION, TO DEVELOPMENT OF DEMOCRACY INSIDE THE PARTY AND IN THE STATE."

THE NEWSPAPER CHARGED THAT STALIN'S THESIS THAT "WHILE SUCCESSES OF SOCIALIST CONSTRUCTION INCREASE THE CLASS STRUGGLE MUST SHARPEN" HAD "ONLY SERVED AS GROUNDS FOR MASS REPRESSION."

ALL EVILS RESULTING FROM THIS POLICY HAVE BEEN LIQUIDATED SINCE BY LEADERS OF THE PARTY WHO UNDERSTOOD THE URGENT PROBLEMS OF POLICY BOTH AT HOME AND ABROAD, PRAVDA ADDED.

-DASH-

RED CHINA'S OFFICIAL PEIPING PEOPLE'S DAILY PRAISED STALIN AS "A GREAT MARXIST." OTHER TRIBUTES WERE PUBLISHED IN CAPITALS OF COMMUNIST COUNTRIES IN EASTERN EUROPE.

PEOPLE'S DAILY AVOIDED CRITICISM OF STALIN'S IRON-FISTED POLICIES. RED CHINA APPEARS TO FAVOR SUCH POLICIES IN DEALING WITH FOREIGN POWERS AND HAS GIVEN LITTLE BUT LIP-SERVICE TO SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S.KHRUSHCHEV'S PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE CAMPAIGN.

MM425PES

B16 (SEG)

(150)

NIIGATA, JAPAN, DEC. 21 (AP)-THE SECOND SHIPLOAD OF KOREANS WHO CHOSE LIFE IN COMMUNIST NORTH KOREA LEFT JAPAN TODAY ABOARD TWO RUSSIAN VESSELS.

A TOTAL OF 978 KOREAN RESIDENTS OF JAPAN WERE ABOARD, ONE MORE THAN ORIGINALLY SCHEDULED. A BOY WAS BORN TO A MIGRANT COUPLE AT THE RED CROSS CENTER HERE A FEW HOURS BEFORE THE SHIPS SAILED FOR CHONGJIN IN NORTH KOREA. A FIRST SHIPMENT OF 975 DOCKED THERE LAST WEEK.

THE RED CROSS IS SUPERVISING THE REPATRIATION TO MAKE SURE THAT NONE OF THE KOREANS LEAVES AGAINST HIS WILL. A 16-YEAR-OLD GIRL, RI MIDORI, REFUSED TO ACCOMPANY HER PARENTS AND LEFT ON A TRAIN FOR OSAKA YESTERDAY WITHOUT SEEING THEM AGAIN.

THE KOREANS WERE BROUGHT HERE WHEN KOREA WAS A JAPANESE COLONY. MANY ARE DESTITUTE AND HAVE ACCEPTED COMMUNIST OFFERS OF HOMES AND JOBS.

THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN JAPANESE AND NORTH KOREAN RED CROSS REPRESENTATIVES WAS SIGNED OVER THE STRONG PROTESTS OF PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE'S SOUTH KOREAN GOVERNMENT.

IN SEOUL, MEANWHILE, SOUTH KOREA'S CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS SAID THE FIRST RUSSIAN SHIPS THAT SAILED TO CHONGJIN LAST MONDAY HAD BEEN ESCORTED BY TWO SOVIET DESTROYERS.

VICE ADM. LEE YONG-WOON MADE THE STATEMENT AFTER DECLINING TO ANSWER THE DIRECT QUESTION OF WHAT HIS COUNTRY'S NAVAL FORCES COULD DO TO STOP THE REPATRIATION. SOUTH KOREA HAD THREATENED TO USE FORCE

BUT NOT FOLLOWED THROUGH.

THE COMMUNISTS REPORTED LAST WEEK THAT THE FIRST GROUP OF REPATRIATES HAD ARRIVED IN CHONGJIN AFTER AN UNEVENTFUL VOYAGE.

ALSO IN SEOUL, RHEE RELIEVED FOREIGN MINISTER CHO CHUNG-WHAN OF HIS POST BECAUSE HE HAD NOT BEEN ABLE TO PREVENT THE REPATRIATION. CHO TENDERED HIS RESIGNATION FRIDAY UNDER PRESSURE FROM BOTH RHEE'S LIBERAL AND OPPOSITION DEMOCRATIC PARTIES.

THE GOVERNMENT SAID IT HAD ACCEPTED CHO'S RESIGNATION BUT DID NOT NAME HIS SUCCESSOR. HE HAS BEEN FOREIGN MINISTER SINCE 1957.
JG549AES

A184WX

310) NUCLEAR TESTS

WASHINGTON, DEC. 21 (AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT TODAY EXPRESSED GREAT DISAPPOINTMENT THAT THE GENEVA MEETING OF NUCLEAR POWER SCIENTISTS RECESSED WITH WHAT THE DEPARTMENT CALLED A MINIMAL AGREEMENT.

A LENGTHY STATEMENT BY DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN LINCOLN WHITE ACCUSED THE SOVIET REPRESENTATIVES OF AN ENTIRELY NEGATIVE ATTITUDE. HE SAID SOVIET REFUSAL TO DISCUSS IMPORTANT DATA SUBMITTED BY U. S. SCIENTISTS LEAVES THE PROBLEM OF UNDERGROUND DETECTION UNRESOLVED.

"THERE IS NO QUESTION BUT THAT THE NEGATIVE ATTITUDE DISPLAYED BY THE SOVIET SCIENTISTS MAKES IT MORE DIFFICULT TO ACHIEVE OUR OBJECTIVE OF ESTABLISHING AN ADEQUATE, WORKABLE, COMPREHENSIVE DETECTION AND CONTROL SYSTEM," WHITE SAID.

HE WAS ASKED WHETHER THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAD EVALUATED THE REPORT FILED BY SCIENTISTS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND THE SOVIET UNION WHEN THEY RECESSED LAST SATURDAY UNTIL JAN. 12.

THERE HAS BEEN NO OPPORTUNITY YET TO EXAMINE THE EXPERTS' REPORT IN ITS DETAIL, WHITE SAID. HE ADDED THAT IT WILL BE "CAREFULLY STUDIED."

"HOWEVER," WHITE CONTINUED, "WE ARE GREATLY DISAPPOINTED THAT THE MEETING CONCLUDED WITH ONLY MINIMAL AGREEMENT; NAMELY ON NEW SEISMOLOGICAL TECHNIQUES WHICH IN THE FUTURE COULD BE USED TO IMPROVE THE CONTROL SYSTEM."

WHITE SAID THAT IN THE TWO PREVIOUS TECHNICAL MEETINGS--AT THE 1958 GENEVA CONFERENCE OF EXPERTS AND AT THIS YEAR'S TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP MEETINGS--THE SOVIET PARTICIPANTS APPROACHED THEIR WORK IN A GENERAL OBJECTIVE MANNER.

BUT IN THE LATEST SESSIONS, HE SAID, THE SOVIET EXPERTS "WERE NOT PREPARED TO AGREE WITH ANYTHING THAT WOULD SUPPLEMENT IN ANY WAY THE 1958 GENEVA TECHNICAL CONFERENCE REPORT." WHITE CALLED THI

PREPARED TO AGREE WITH ANYTHING THAT WOULD SUPPLEMENT IN ANY WAY THE 1958 GENEVA TECHNICAL CONFERENCE REPORT." WHITE CALLED THIS ATTITUDE "PERHAPS THE MOST UNFORTUNATE ASPECT" OF THE GENEVA TALKS.

WHITE REFUSED TO SPECULATE WHETHER THE UNITED STATES WILL EXTEND THE U. S. BAN ON NUCLEAR TESTING BEYOND THE DEC. 31 DEADLINE.

HE REFERRED TO A STATEMENT SECRETARY CHRISTIAN A. HERTER MADE AT A NEWS CONFERENCE RECENTLY IN WHICH HERTER SAID HE FAVORS THE EXTENSION, "IF IT WERE A MATTER OF WEEKS ONLY WHILE WE WERE STILL TALKING."

ER146PES

B30 Q

-17-

PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, DEC. 21 (AP)-CZECHOSLOVAKIA TONIGHT DESCRIBED AS AN "UNHEARD OF PROVOCATION" RADIO FREE EUROPE'S CLAIM THAT A CZECHOSLOVAK DIPLOMAT WAS BEHIND AN ALLEGED ATTEMPT TO POISON ITS EMPLOYEES.

CTK, THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY, SAID IT WAS EMPOWERED TO STATE THAT THIS CLAIM "IS SHEER CONCOCTION" INSPIRED BY QUARTERS WANTING

"TO PREVENT FURTHER LESSENING OF INTERNATIONAL TENSION."
 RADIO FREE EUROPE OFFICIALS ASSERTED LAST WEEK THAT ATROPINE, A POI-
 SONOUS DRUG, HAD BEEN FOUND NOV. 21 IN SALT SHAKERS OF THE STATION'S
 CAFETERIA WHICH SERVES 1,200 EMPLOYEES.
 THE U.S. ARMY LATER SAID ITS COUNTER INTELLIGENCE MEN HAD IDENTI-
 FIED JAROSLAV NEMEC, CZECHOSLOVAK VICE CONSUL IN SALZBURG, AUSTRIA,
 AS THE SUPPLIER OF THE POISON.
 CTK CHARGED THE PRIVATELY FINANCED, AMERICAN-OPERATED STATION AND ITS
 HEAD ORGANIZATION, THE FREE EUROPE COMMITTEE, WERE STIRRING UP THE COLD
 WAR AND DIRECTING ESPIONAGE AND SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES.
 CTK CLAIMED THE U.S. ARMY'S STATEMENT WAS TIMED TO COINCIDE WITH THE
 PARIS WESTERN SUMMIT MEETING AND THE CONFERENCE OF THE NORTH
 ATLANTIC ALLIANCE.
 GG-PS436PES

A62
 SALZBURG, AUSTRIA, DEC. 21 (AP)-THE CZECHOSLOVAK CONSULATE GENERAL
 SAID THAT JAROSLAV NEMEC, ACCUSED OF TRYING TO POISON STAFF MEMBERS OF THE
 MUNICH OFFICE OF RADIO FREE EUROPE (RFE), IS ON VACATION
 AND IT IS NOT KNOWN IF HE WILL EVER RETURN HERE.
 THE SPOKESMAN SAID NEMEC WOULD SPEND CHRISTMAS IN
 CZECHOSLOVAKIA.
 "NEMEC HAS ABOUT THREE WEEKS VACATION," THE SPOKESMAN SAID, "AND WE
 DO NOT KNOW WHETHER HE WILL RESUME HIS DUTIES HERE AFTERWARD."
 ZR650AES

A79
 (190)
 MUNICH, GERMANY, DEC. 21 (AP)-TWO EXPLOSIONS ROCKED THE LIVING
 QUARTERS OF A GROUP OF RUSSIAN EXILES EARLY TODAY. NOBODY WAS HURT.
 THE RUSSIANS, MEMBERS OF THE ANTI-COMMUNIST "CENTRAL ORGANISATION
 FOR RUSSIAN EMIGRANTS," LIVED WITH THEIR FAMILIES IN A HOUSE IN A
 MUNICH SUBURB.
 MUNICH POLICE AFTER AN INITIAL INVESTIGATION SAID THEY BELIEVED THE
 BOMBS WERE THROWN BY COMMUNIST AGENTS. BUT THEY WERE NOT
 SURE WHETHER THE REDS WANTED TO SCARE THE RUSSIAN EMIGRANTS
 OR MEANT TO KILL THEM.
 RUSSIAN EXILE CIRCLES, HOWEVER, THOUGHT THAT THE EXPLOSION
 WAS MANEUVERED BY RUSSIAN EMIGRANTS BELONGING TO AN EXILE
 GROUP HOSTILE TO THE "CENTRAL ORGANISATION FOR RUSSIAN EMIGRANTS."
 THESE SOURCES SPOKE OF A "NEW SHOT IN THE MUNICH EMIGRANTS
 JUNGLE" OR OF AN ATTEMPT AT REVENGE FOR THE DEATH OF UKRAINIAN
 EXILE LEADER STEFAN BANDERA, WHO DIED THIS FALL IN MUNICH FROM
 CYANIDE POISONING.
 THE TWO FIST-SIZE BOMBS WERE THROWN INTO THE BASEMENT OF THE
 HOUSE AND RUINED THE BASEMENT APARTMENT. THE OCCUPANTS WERE AWAY.
 APARTMENTS FOR TWO FLOORS UP WERE BADLY DAMAGED. MOST WINDOWS
 WERE BLASTED OUT AND DOORS WERE PULLED FROM THEIR HINGES.
 MUNICH IS THE CENTER OF THE ACTIVITIES OF EAST EUROPEAN
 EXILE ORGANIZATIONS IN WEST GERMANY.
 DB-FD731AES

A77
 (110)
 COPENHAGEN, DENMARK, DEC. 21 (AP)-SEVEN DANES, INCLUDING ADMITTED
 COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBERS, WERE CONVICTED TODAY OF SERVING AS
 INTELLIGENCE AGENTS FOR EAST GERMANY AND SENTENCED TO PRISON TERMS
 RANGING FROM 18 MONTHS TO 5 YEARS.
 THE CONVICTIONS FOLLOWED A THREE-WEEK TRIAL. THE JURY'S
 ESPIONAGE VERDICTS AGAINST SIX OF THE DEFENDANTS WERE THROWN OUT

30.24-9635

BY THE JUDGES AS TOO SEVERE. THEY WERE CONVICTED ON OTHER CHARGES,
 HOWEVER, AND CAN BE RE-TRIED FOR ESPIONAGE.

SOME OF THE DEFENDANTS, INCLUDING FOUR OF THE ALLEGED
 RINGLEADERS, WERE SENTENCED ONLY FOR ILLEGAL INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITY,
 WHICH CARRIES A MAXIMUM PENALTY OF 6 YEARS. THE PROSECUTION HAD
 SOUGHT ESPIONAGE CONVICTIONS WHICH CAN BRING UP TO 16 YEARS IN PRISON.
 DB726AES

6961

6961